

INC-1 Plastic Pollution Treaty

First Intergovernmental Negotiating Committee (INC) for the development of an international legally binding instrument on plastic pollution, including in the marine environment Punta del Este (Uruguay) 28.11.-2.12.2022

Chair, Excellencies, distinguished delegates, colleagues

IUCN welcomes the beginning of these important deliberations and stand ready to support the process.

This first meeting of the Intergovernmental Negotiating Committee is taking place amidst a context of growing economic, food, and energy insecurity. At the same time, numerous international environmental treaties and those relating to trade, are addressing elements of plastic pollution.

There is overwhelming evidence that **nature conservation works** and is an effective and essential contributor towards many of humanity's goals, including towards a circular economy and a systemic shift to sustainable trade on plastics.

For this first INC, IUCN highlights the following (Plastic Pollution | IUCN):

- ✓ Guided by IUCN Resolutions adopted by IUCN Members in 2021¹, IUCN strongly welcomes the ongoing process for a global Plastics Treaty and supports the partnerships in place in order to eliminate and remediate plastic pollution and enhance circular plastic management at local, regional, and global levels.
- ✓ IUCN urges Parties to adopt clear, preferably numerical and verifiable objectives in order to take priority action by 2025 to prevent further plastic pollution from single-use plastic products in protected areas and in the land, water and marine environment.
- ✓ IUCN strongly encourages Parties to start negotiations with the ultimate goal of stopping plastic pollution worldwide by 2030 (Zero Pollution) in sight, while considering national and local circumstances and capabilities for implementation along the whole plastics value chain.
- ✓ IUCN calls for inclusiveness in the process and an effective treaty as an outcome. The Treaty must address the full life-cycle, embrace bold, new, science-based tools, cover a broad scope of environmental resources (land, water, ocean) and create a set of policy measures and means of implementation to upscale and redirect finance, incentives, and trade. Strong

For more information, please contact:

Karine Siegwart

Senior Policy Advisor International Policy Centre karine.siegwart@iucn.org

Janaka De Silva

Senior Programme Coordinator Ocean Team Janaka.DeSilva@iucn.org

IUCN World Headquarters

Rue Mauverney 28 1196 Gland Switzerland Tel: +41 22 999 0000 Fax: +41 22 999 0002 www.iucn.org

¹ 019 - Stopping the global plastic pollution crisis in marine environments by 2030; and

stakeholder involvement in the upcoming negotiations and in implementation is therefore key.

- ✓ At IUCN's heart is respect for nature and respect for people (Nature 2030 IUCN). IUCN's pioneering work on assessing plastic waste and leakage led to the development of methodologies for quantifying plastic waste and leakage across the plastic product life cycle (iucn plastics). IUCN also offers the tools to guide, monitor, and measure action including the IUCN Global Standard for Nature-based Solutions (NbS), which could showcase the contribution of nature-based solution towards circular plastics economy.
- ✓ In doing so, IUCN aims to build trust and consensus among different stakeholder groups, identify feasible policy options and, critically, foster a culture of delivery and action that accelerates early and sustainable implementation, but also remediation, covering in particular developing countries and SIDS.
- ✓ The Union's engagement will focus on strengthening the legal foundations of the conservation of nature and sustainable development elements, including the human right to a healthy environment and the precautionary principle. It will incorporate the learnings gained through engagement in similar fora on Biodiversity, Climate, Oceans and Chemicals and Waste and promote synergies.
- ✓ IUCN's foundational science-based technical, legal (namely through IUCN World Commission on Environmental Law), and economic expertise and evidence is particularly well placed to connect the biosphere elements of the SDGs with a commitment to work towards more just and equitable societies and circular economies, with a strong focus on biodiversity and ecosystems related impact of plastic pollution, also beyond national jurisdiction.
- ✓ IUCN will build on existing cooperation with other relevant actors and strengthen it, scale up local and regional initiatives, give a voice to traditional, indigenous knowledge, and promote circular economic models to develop synergies and coherence in relation to engaging IUCN and its Members in the dialogues on the Global Plastics Treaty.

Thank you!